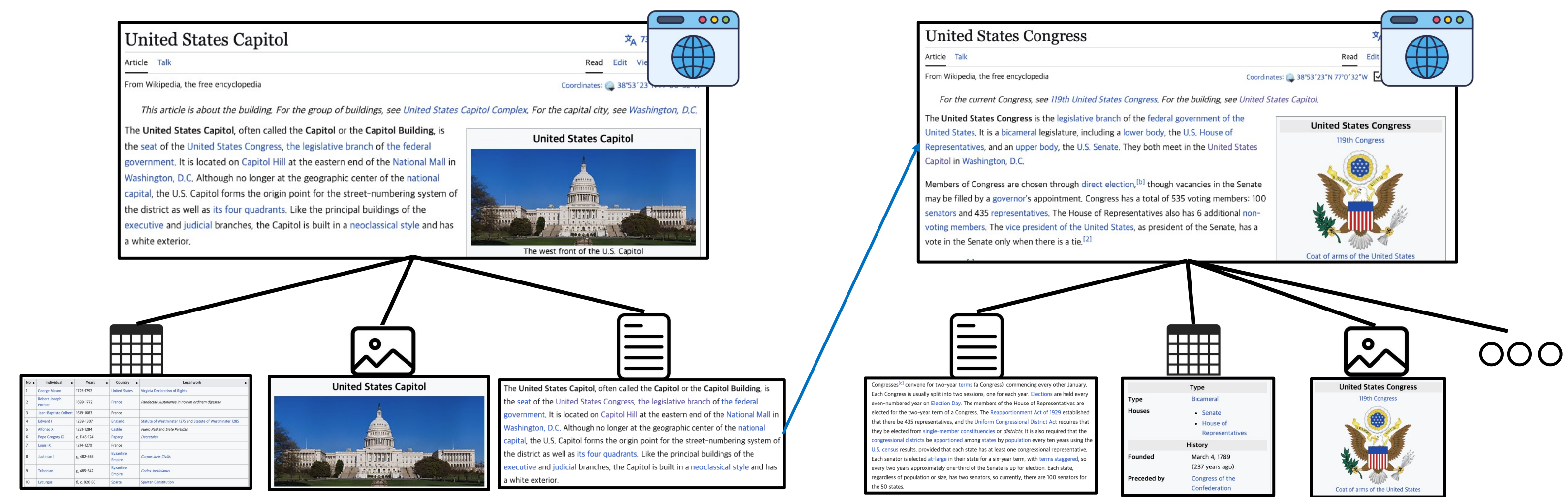


Open-Corpus Multimodal Retrieval



The task of retrieving query-relevant components (paragraphs, tables, images) from a large, interlinked multimodal document corpus.

Background: Layered Representation of Documents



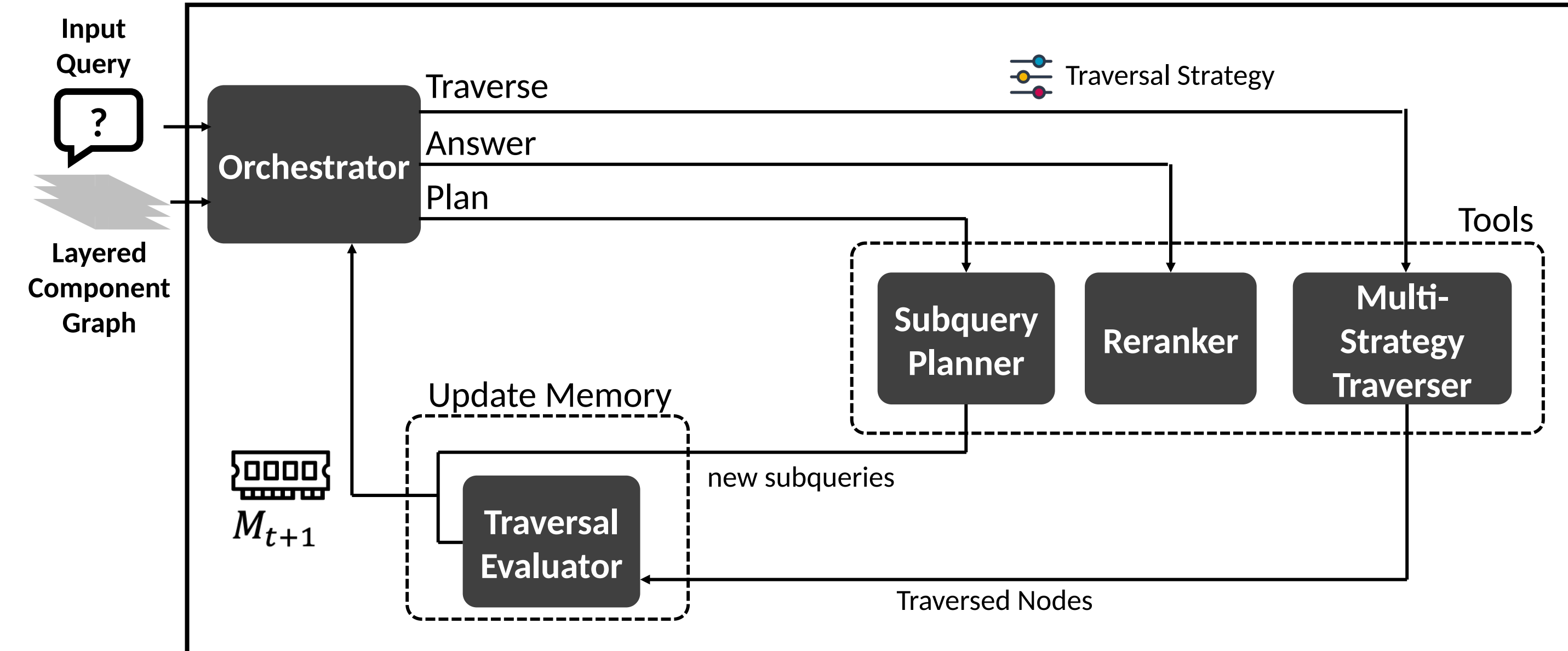
Recent works have represented documents as a **Layered Component Graph (LCG)**, hierarchically linking components and their subcomponents while connecting documents through navigational edges.

Motivation

Existing methods perform multihop traversal over a layered component graph—but they are too rigid to navigate it reliably.

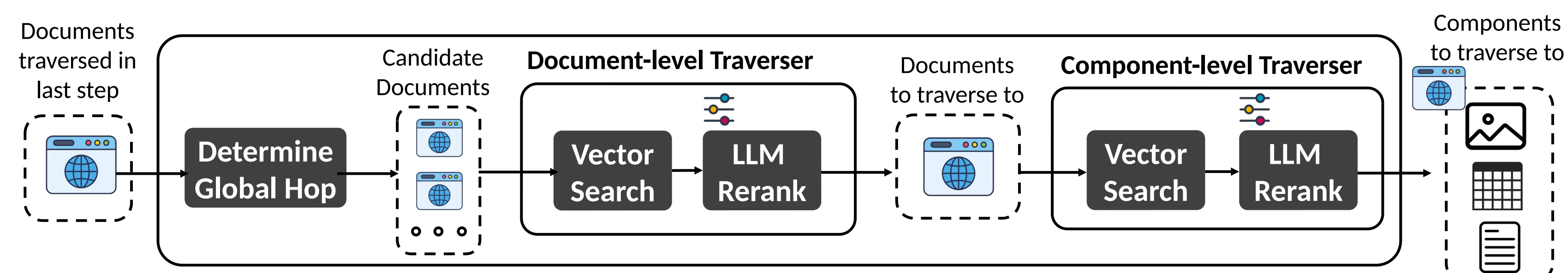
- **Hop-agnostic scoring:** rely on a uniform similarity metric across all hops
→ follows spurious cues to irrelevant components
- **Rigid, pre-defined plans:** execute a fixed retrieval procedure
→ cannot refine underspecified hops or adapt the route
- **No recovery from dead ends:** cannot turn failures into feedback
→ errors propagate and compound across hops

Failure is Feedback



We present an agentic retriever over the layered component graph, where failure is not a dead end but a **signal**: a misstep is diagnosed and turned into guidance.

Multi-Strategy Traverser



Executes a single retrieval hop over the layered component graph in two stages:

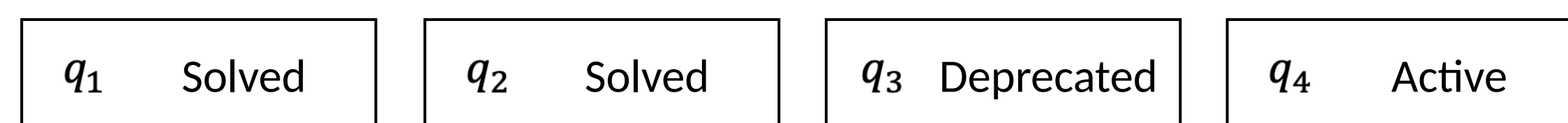
- (1) **Document-level traverser** that shortlists candidate documents,
- (2) **Component-level traverser** that pinpoints query-relevant components among them.

Configurable strategy engine driven by a tuple τ_t trades accuracy for cost — tuning hop scope, vector granularity, and LLM-reasoning — so it starts cheap and escalates only when a hop is ambiguous or fails.

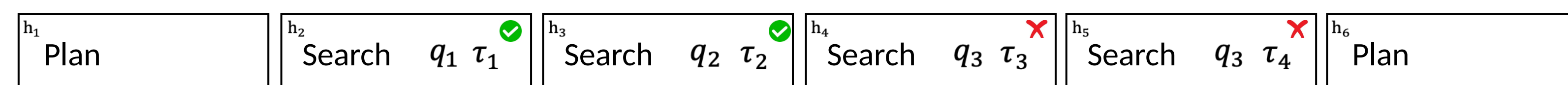
Memory Structure

A structured memory logs the entire retrieval trajectory, including

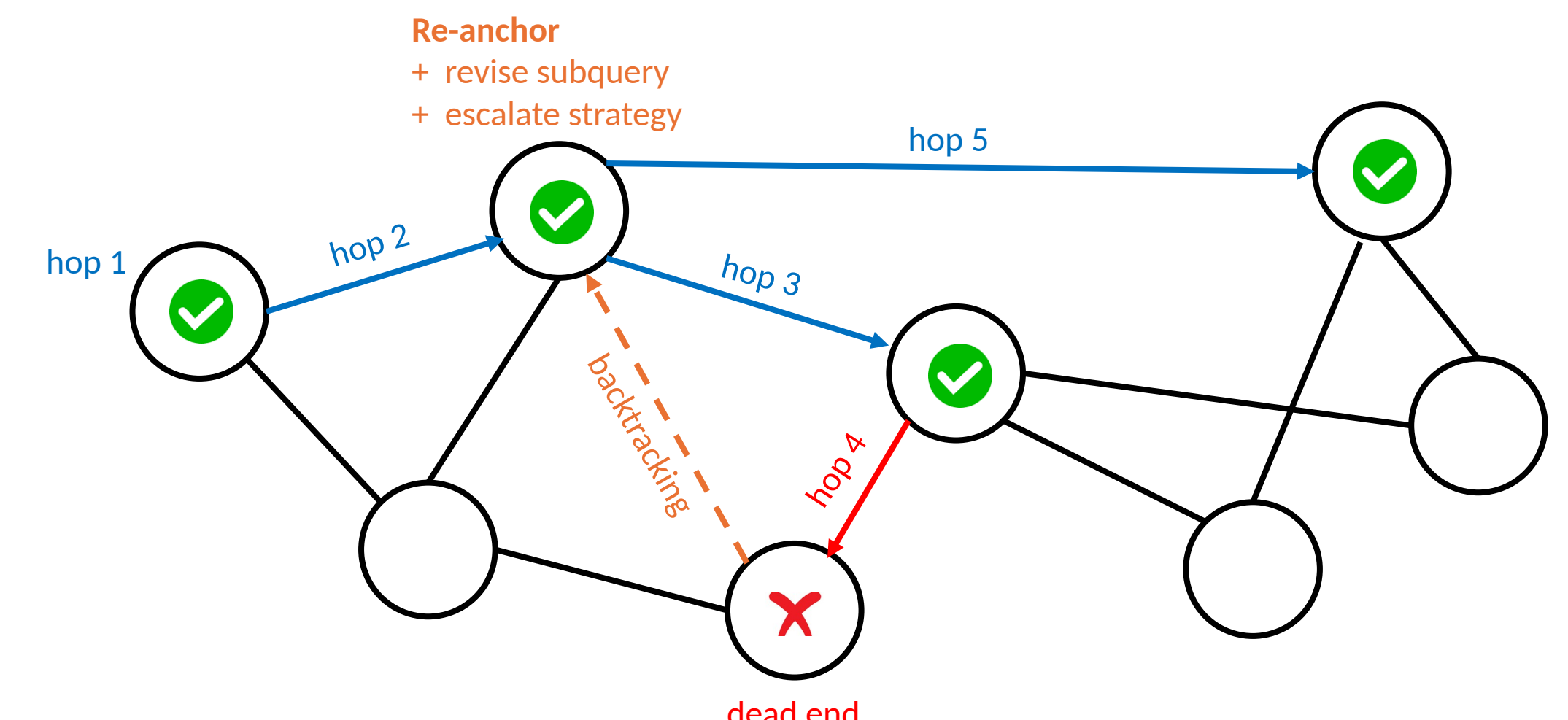
- **Subquery List (Q_t):** the evolving retrieval plan



- **Action History (H_t):** an ordered log of each hop's strategy, anchor, retrieved evidence, and success/failure outcome



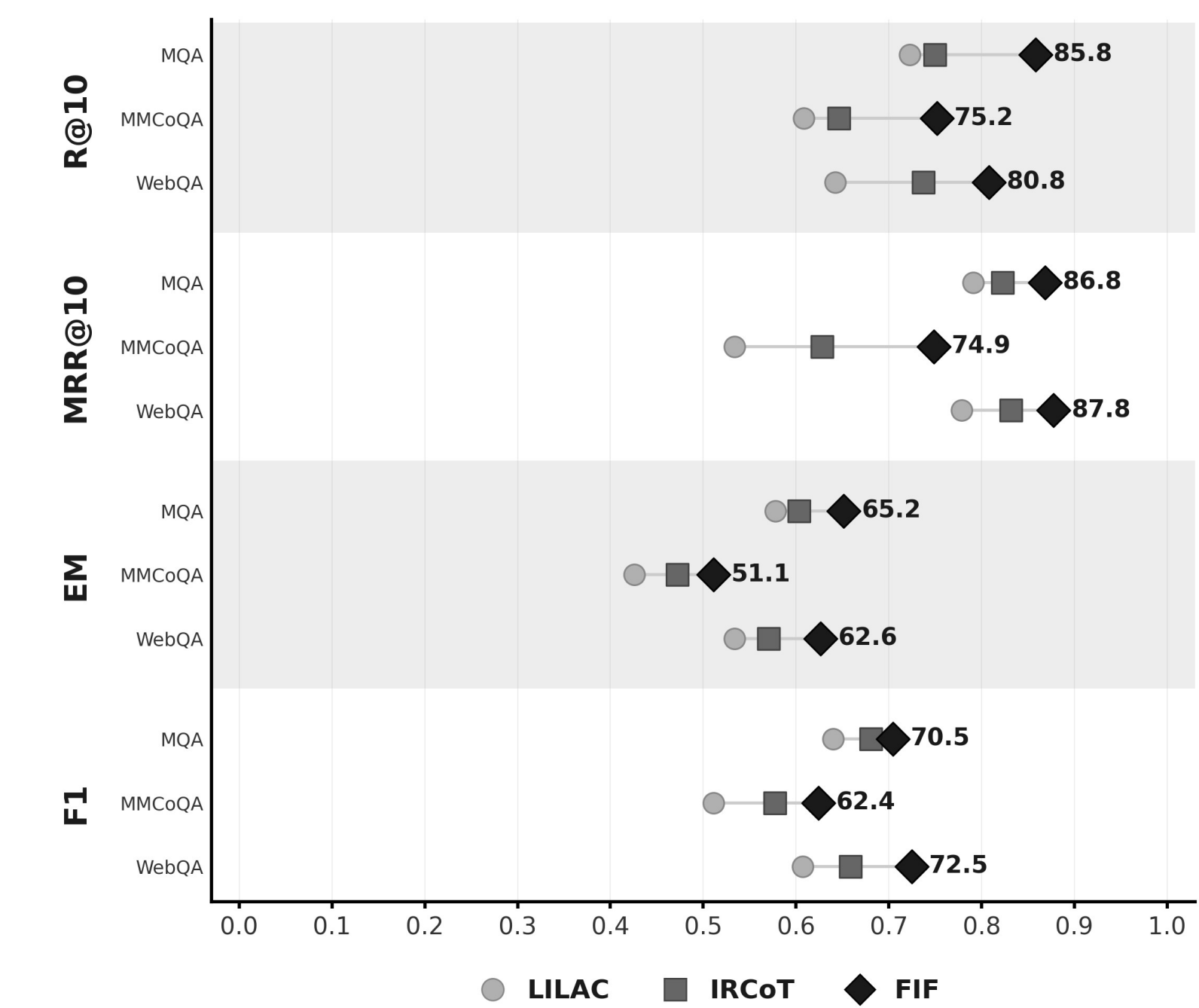
History-Aware Backtracking



Unlike standard backtracking that simply reverts and retries blindly, we treat each dead end as a **signal**: we piggyback on the failure trace to *re-anchor* to a promising prior document, *revise* the subquery with the constraints the failure revealed, and *escalate* to a stronger strategy.

Experiments

Retrieval & QA Accuracy



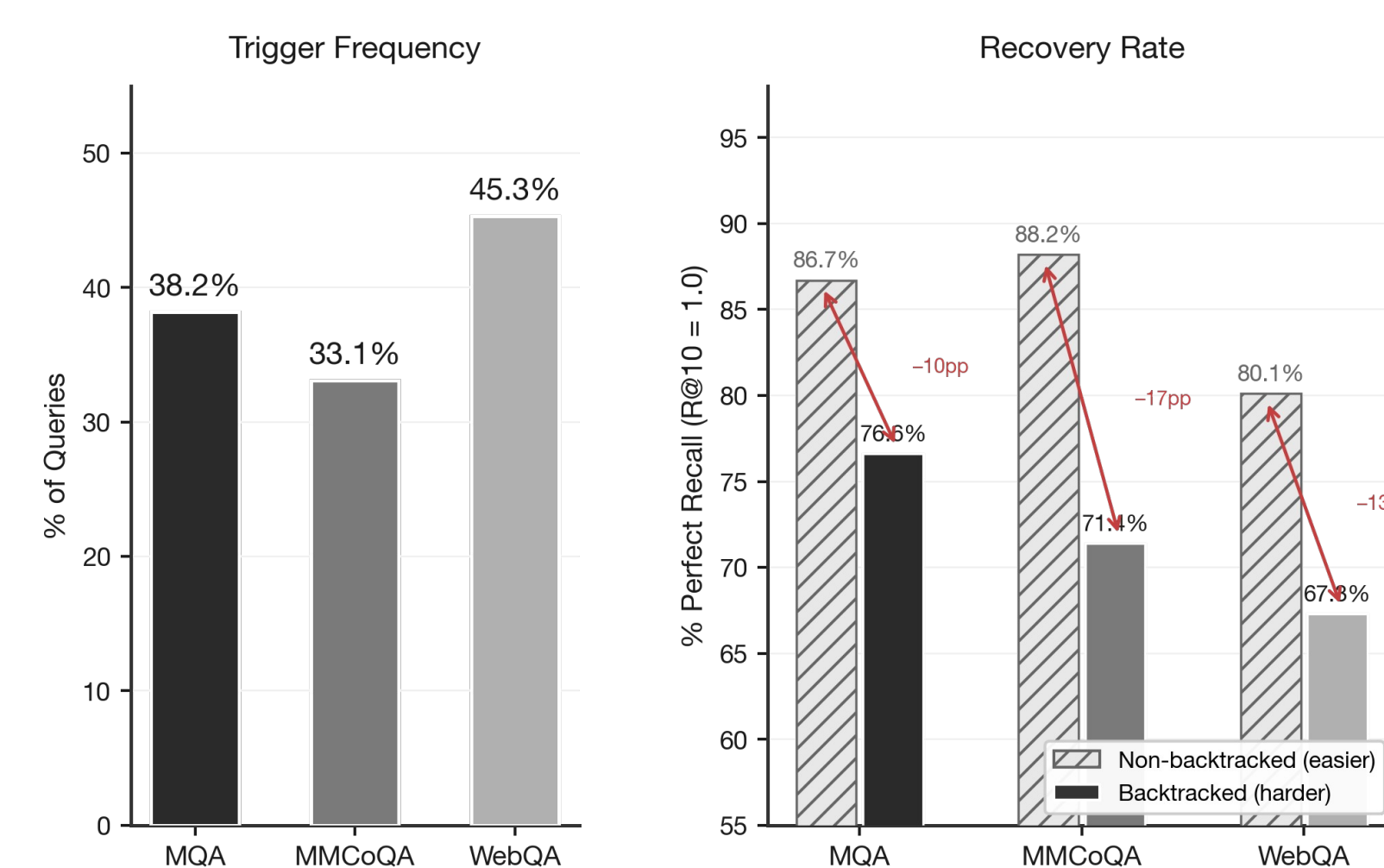
Efficiency

Dataset	Method	Time (s)	# LLM Calls	API Cost (\$)
MQA	LILAC	19.53	1.00	0.0115
	IRCot	95.74	5.44	0.0752
	FIF	114.59	7.92	0.1109
MMCoQA	LILAC	20.24	1.00	0.0107
	IRCot	97.82	5.61	0.0753
	FIF	105.36	7.31	0.1037
WebQA	LILAC	19.19	1.00	0.0077
	IRCot	173.82	6.94	0.1082
	FIF	128.75	8.61	0.1278

Ablation Study

Configuration	R@10 (%)		API Cost (\$)	
	MQA	WebQA	MQA	WebQA
Full FIF	85.66	80.92	0.1083	0.1251
<i>w/o</i> Backtracking Orch.	79.12	77.61	0.1468	0.1618
<i>w/o</i> LLM Reasoning	77.68	78.52	0.0822	0.0997
<i>w/o</i> Global Hop	75.59	73.48	0.1048	0.1231
<i>w/o</i> Vector Granularity	83.92	79.11	0.1173	0.1326
<i>w/o</i> Subquery Planner	76.21	76.82	0.0717	0.0791

Backtracking Analysis



Budget Sensitivity

Budget	Method	R@10 (%)			
		MQA	MMCoQA	WebQA	Avg
\$0.05	IRCoT	71.27	62.14	69.32	67.58
	MoLoRAG	68.66	63.76	68.03	66.82
	FIF	72.02	62.96	70.10	68.36
\$0.075	IRCoT	74.80	64.72	72.24	70.59
	MoLoRAG	70.73	65.20	69.88	68.60
	FIF	78.15	67.86	73.90	73.30
\$0.10	IRCoT	75.30	65.32	73.10	71.24
	MoLoRAG	72.79	66.18	70.23	69.73
	FIF	83.12	74.11	78.31	78.51